

# National Internet Exchange of India (NIXI)

# APRICOT (Feb 2009) 14<sup>TH</sup> Edition SOFITEL PHILIPPINE PLAZA MANILA

Presentation done by:

Amitabh Singhal – Founder, Board Member & Former CEO

Sharad Sanghi – Board Member



## NIXI (National Internet Exchange of India)

- NIXI is a not-for-profit Company under section 25 of the Companies

  Act 1956 of India.
- The Company was formed on 19th July, 2003, with joint efforts by ISPAI (Internet Service Providers Association of India) and DIT (Department of Information Technology, Government of India).
- NIXI is the only neutral Internet Exchange in the country.



## NIXI (National Internet Exchange of India)

#### **Main Functions:**

- Internet Exchange points with 30 major ISPs with 67 connections at SEVEN locations.
- .IN Registry, with about 500000 Domain names registered through 58 Registrars located globally.
- NIXI is active in International Forums like IGF, ICANN, APTLD, SANOG, APNIC etc.
- 3 Anycast Root servers (F,I and K) at 3 IXP locations.
- Sponsoring Open Source projects, IPv6 and Internet Awareness campaigns etc.

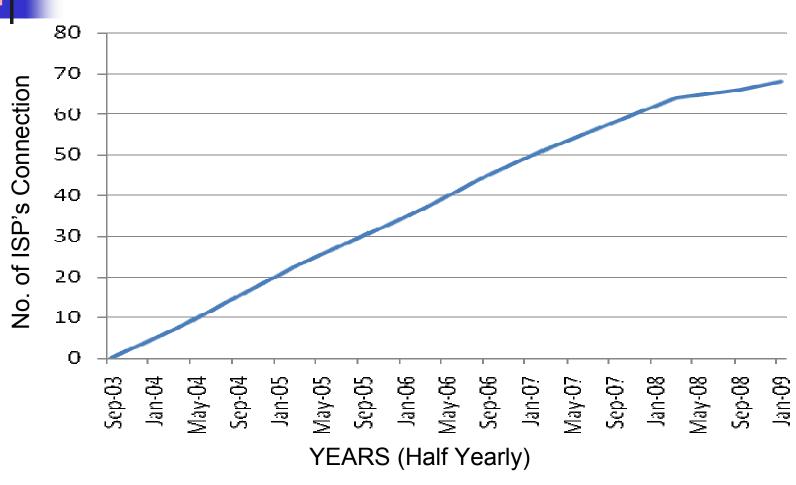


## NIXI (National Internet Exchange of India)

IXP Locations:		No of ISPs	Traffic Stats/Daily 5 Min
1.	Mumbai	21	<b>In</b> 2869.9 Mb/s <b>Out</b> 2739.8Mb/s
2.	Delhi	17	973.0 Mb/s 973.3Mb/s
3.	Chennai	12	327.8Mb/s 326.2Mb/s
4.	Kolkata	05	338.4Kb/s 339.7Kb/s
5.	Bangalore	05	759.0Kb/s 760.7Kb/s
6.	Hyderabad	04	308.4Kb/s 310.0Kb/s
7.	Ahmedabad	03	462.0Kb/s 462.8Kb/s
8.	Mohali	(Upcoming)	
9.	Lucknow	(Upcoming)	



#### **Growth of ISP Connections at NIXI**





#### **Main Routing Policies**

- An ISP at any NIXI node must at a minimum announce all its regional routes to the NIXI router at that NIXI location.
- ISPs must announce all their routes at least at one of the IXP locations
- If one NIXI member is already providing transit to another NIXI member, the exchange of regional routes mentioned above, may also happen using a separate private connection between the ISPs.
- ISPs are allowed to privately peer at NIXI using their own switch
- ISPs are reqd to announce only those routes that belong to their AS, and their customer routes at the NIXI.
- No transit traffic is allowed to be carried.
- An ISP must Upgrade its port capacity or take additional port if 95th percentile of its OUT or IN traffic in a month crosses 70% of its port capacity



#### **Tariff Policies**

- Company Membership Fee
   INR 1000 per annum (\$20)
- Joining Fee at each IXP
   INR 1000 one time (\$20)
- Rack Space 2u Free, Add INR 2500 per u (\$50)
- Port Charges:
- 2 Mbps INR 24,000 (\$480)
- 10 Mbps INR 200,000 (\$4000)
- 100Mbps INR 400,000 (\$8000)
- 1000 Mbps INR 600,000 (\$1200)
- Additional Port for 100Mb and above at 50% of the slab charge
- Introducing a downward revision to reduce & eliminate 2 Mbps slab
- Between ISP A and ISP B, B pays to A, an amount equal to Rs. 50 (\$1) per Gb x [traffic from A to B traffic from B to A]. Here, the concept is of "Requester Pays" to promote domestic content.
- C x P x (X Y) Where C is currently Rs. 50 per GBytes as mentioned in (b) above, and P has a value of 0 or 1 respectively if the ISP is a standalone Data Center (i.e his outgoing traffic is 5 times his incoming traffic).



#### <u>Plans</u>

- 1. Increase ISP participation at regional IXs
- 2. Reviewing Port tariff plan. Reduce current pricing and increase port size
- 3. Preparing to set up NIR
- 4. Support IPV6 plans
- 5. DNS Security implementation
- 6. Supporting IDN development in various Indian languages



#### **Background**



- NIXI (National Internet Exchange of India) is responsible for Maintaining .IN
  Country Code Top Level Domains (ccTLDs)
- Originally opened in 1992
  - Managed by National Centre for Software Development (NCST), then by Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC)
  - Restrictive eligibility requirements
  - Registry and Registrar functions combined in one
  - Difficult, expensive and lengthy registration process
  - About 6600 names in the database
- 2nd Aug, 2004, Government of India decided to transfer the .IN Domain Name activity from National Center for software technology, Mumbai to NIXI.
- .IN Registry under NIXI became functional with effect from 1st Jan, 2005 with liberal policies





#### Where are we today?

- Half a million domain names registered
- More than 50 Registrars appointed across the world.
- Qualified Arbitrators appointed for dispute/conflict management of domains, with a vibrant Dispute Resolution Policy
- Proactively taking steps to eliminate domain tasting, reduce abuse of domain names, Registrant protection measures etc.



# Products available...





## Unlimited registrations available for all

.in	org.in
co.in	firm. in
net.in	gen.in

## Reserved for use by qualified organizations in India

ac.in	gov.in
(Academic)	(Government)
res.in	mil.in
(Research)	(Military)



#### How do I get one?



भारत 🚃

Perform a

whois search...

Press

Advanced Search

Click one to get one <u>http://www.registry.in</u>

Click on **Accredited Registrars** 





#### How do I get one?



Click one to get one - <a href="http://www.registry.in">http://www.registry.in</a>

Signup with one of our 58 appointed registrars across the country

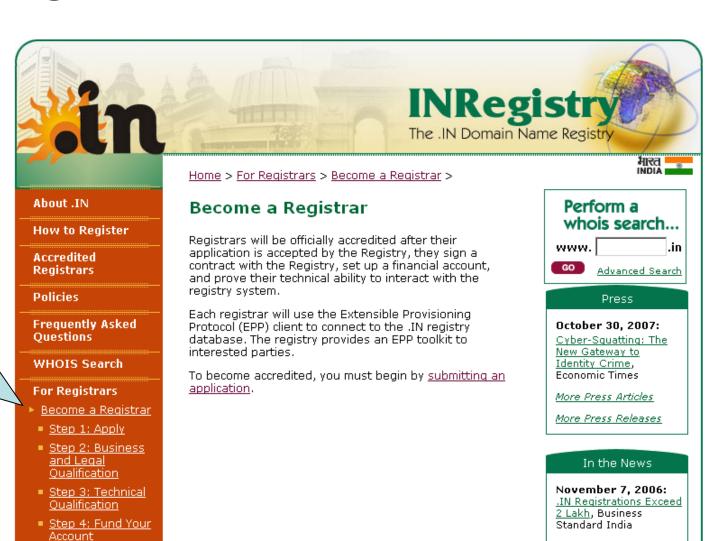
A simple online process would make you a proud owner of .IN





# Want to be an accredited .IN registrar ?





Under For registrars
Click Become a
member





### **Thanks**

For further information please visit :-

http://www.registry.in